

Facts Örebro

Population: 138 000 inhabitants. Citizens from 160 different countries.

Area: 1,380 km².

Position: Situated in central Sweden, 200 km from Stockholm and 300 km from

Gothenburg.

History: Örebro is nearly 750 years old. Building work of Örebro Castle started in the

13th century.

Schools and

education: 1 university, 19 upper-secondary schools, 44 municipal compulsory schools

and 14 private schools.

Here you can

find: Three of Swedens largest lakes, deep forests and open landscape,

mountains and fields, several nature reserves, and much more.

Logistics

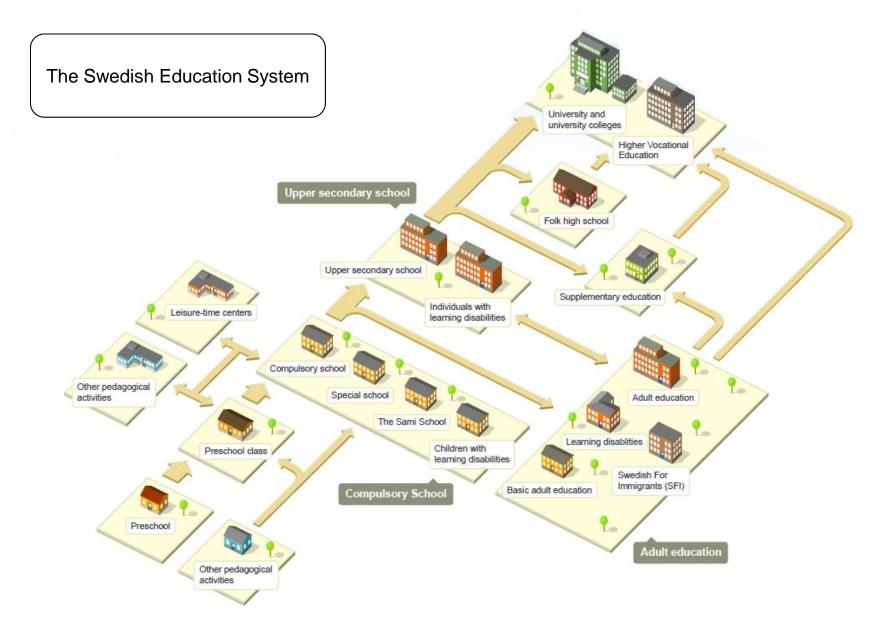
Centre: With an airport, railway, European motorways and goods transportation by

train to and from the docks of Gothenburg.



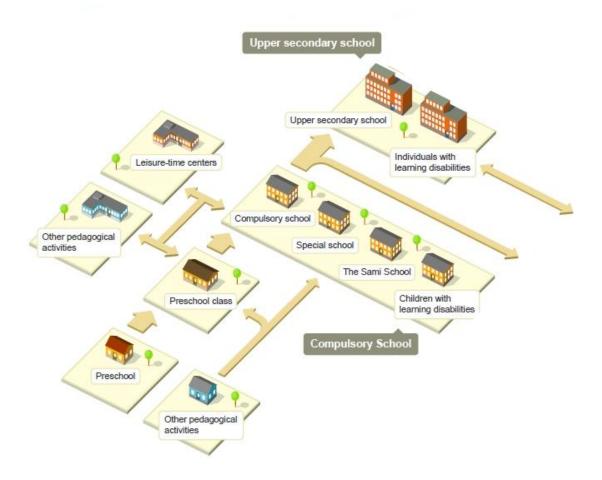
All children and young people are to have equel access to education, regardless to gender, where they live or social or economic factors.







Education System, children and teenagers in Örebro





Who attends preschool?



Municipalities should provide preschooling for children from the age of one when parents are working, studying, are unemployed or at home with newborn children.

In addition, municipalities should provide at least 525 hours per year free of charge from the autumn term when the child reaches the age of 3 for preschooling children.



What is preschool?

The preschool is a separate voluntary school form. The preschool should lay the foundations for the first part of children's learning.

Children should be provided with good pedagogical activities to promote the child's development and learning.



What is a preschool class?



From the age of 6 children have the right to start in the preschool class, a school form with a large element of creative work and play.

The preschool class is a voluntary school form, which the majority of six-year-olds in Sweden attend.



What is compulsory school?



The compulsory school consists of nine school years. In Sweden most children begin their first year at school in the age of 7.

Children with learning disabilities often go to the compulsory school but can also attend a special school or a compulsory school for pupils with learning disabilities.

What is upper secondary school?



The upper secondary school is free of charge and a voluntary school for young people between 16 and 20 years of age.

The programmes last three years.



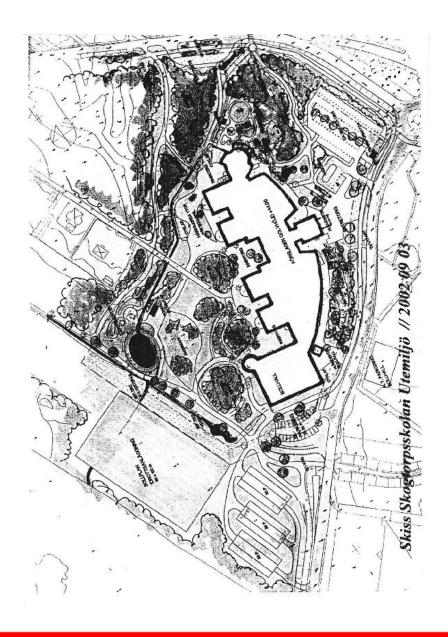
Skogstorpsskolan, Kumla



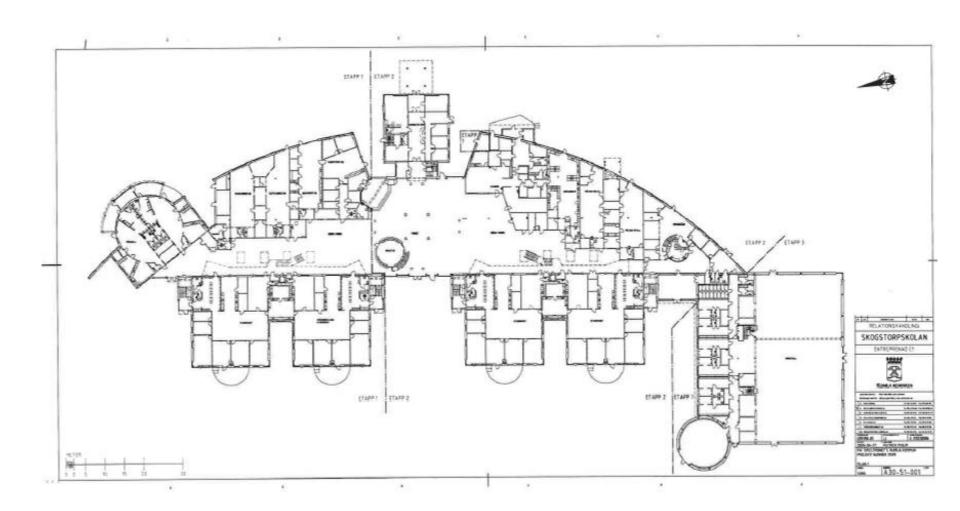
Skogstorpsskolan

- * Pedagogical idea
- * Physical environment
- * Organization, team for teachers and pupils

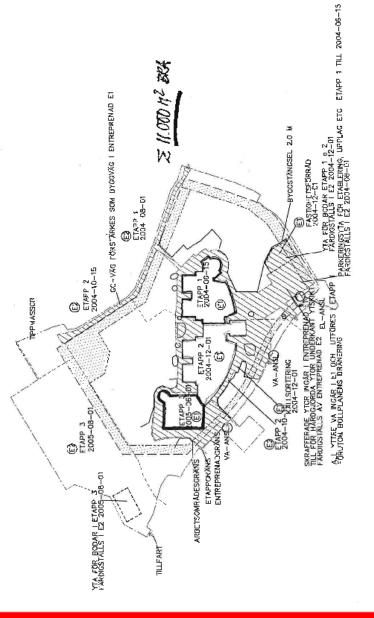












A school for

* The head

* The heart

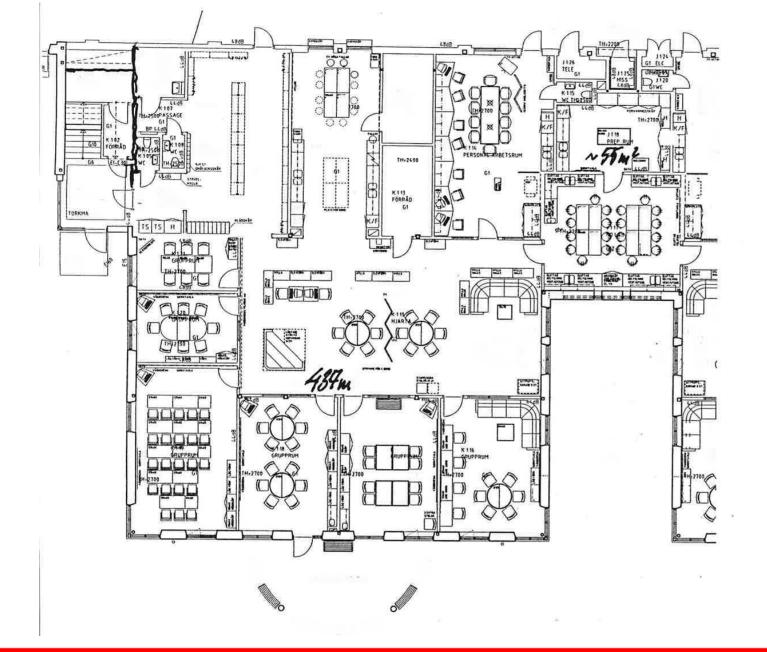
* The hand



In every unit from preeschool class until grade 9:

- 70-85 pupils of different ages
- 6-9 teachers
- 440 square metre of their own







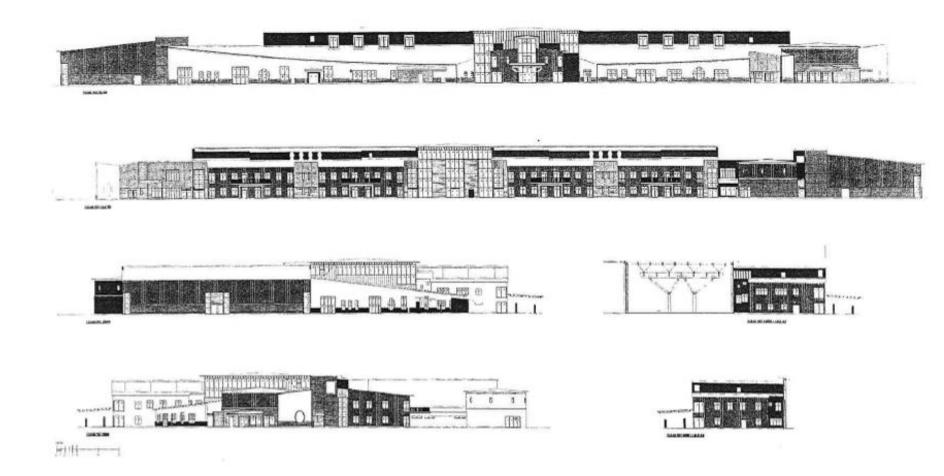
9 teams:

• 1 Preeschool Children 1-5 years old

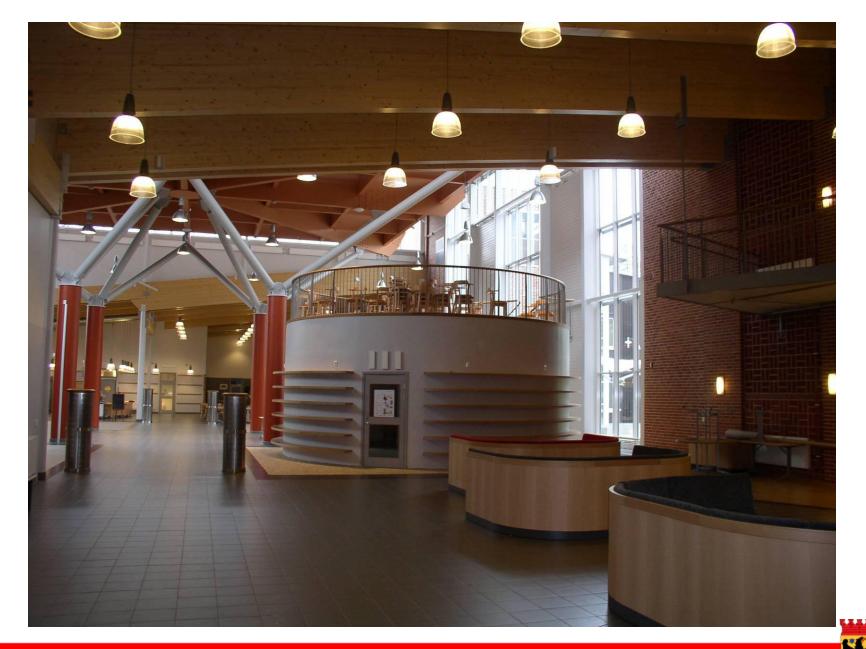
 3 Preeschool class, compulsery school grade1-5, leisure centre

 5 Compulsery school grade 6-9. Two English units.





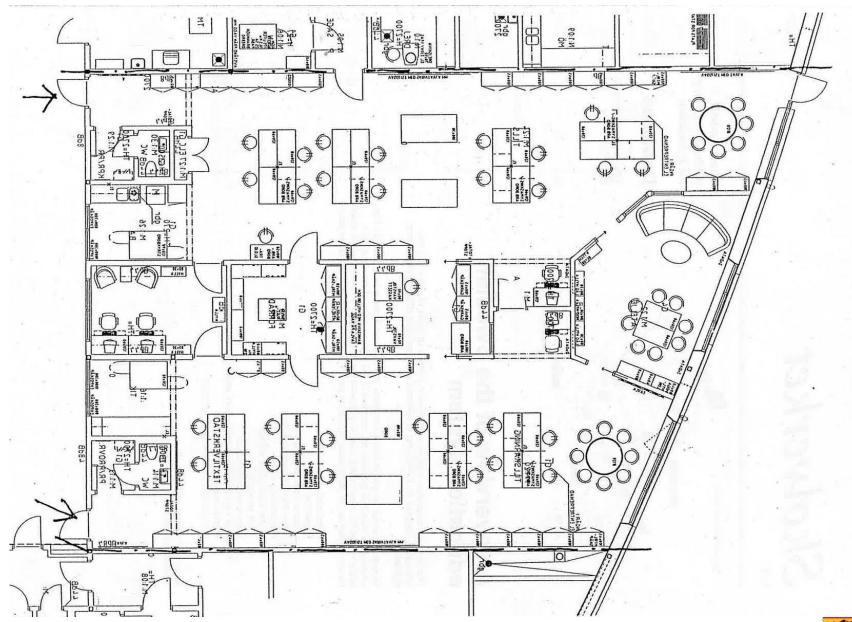






































Thank you for listening!

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